



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Report of immigration at San Juan.

Report of alien passengers arriving at San Juan during the week ended February 6, 1904:

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immigrants.
Feb. 3	Fr. ss. Olinde Rodriguez	Havre, Bordeaux, St. Thomas.....	9
	Total .....	.....	9

Report from Ponce—Immigration.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Torres reports, February 6, through the chief quarantine officer, as follows:

Report of immigration at Ponce.

Report of alien passengers arriving at Ponce during the week ended February 6, 1904:

Date of arrival.	Vessel.	Where from.	Number of immigrants.
Feb. 3	Am. ss. Zulia	La Guayra, Maracaibo, Curaçao.....	3

RUSSIA.

History of laboratory plague case near Cronstadt.

The following is received from the ambassador at St. Petersburg, under date of February 17:

On the 3d of January of this year Doctor Tourchinovich-Vyjnikevitch, director of the laboratory of the Imperial Institute of Experimental Medicine for the preparation of products intended to combat the bubonic plague, fell ill. The laboratory is situated in the fort of the Emperor Alexander I and completely isolated from the city of Cronstadt, as well as from all the other fortifications. The doctor was occupied in the study of the bacilli of the plague.

The illness was recognized as a case of plague by its symptoms and after a bacteriological examination. The patient died on January 20 in spite of the most energetic treatment and reiterated injections of antiplague serum. Prophylactic inoculations were made in the case of everyone who had been in contact with the patient and of all the personnel of the laboratory.

By order of Major-General Prince Orbeliani, named by His Highness the Prince of Oldenburg as commander of the fort of the Emperor Alexander I, who arrived at his post on January 19, all measures for the complete isolation of the personnel of the fort were taken.

Foreign and insular statistical reports of countries and cities—Yearly and monthly.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.—*Fiume*.—Month of November, 1903. Estimated population, 38,996. Total number of deaths, 88, including 15 from tuberculosis.

BAHAMAS—*Dunmore Town*.—Two weeks ended February 5, 1904. Population, 1,232. One death. No contagious diseases.

Governors Harbor.—Weeks ended January 23 and February 6, 1904. Estimated population, 1,500. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Green Turtle Cay—Abaco.—Four weeks ended February 4, 1904. Estimated population, 3,314. No deaths and no contagious diseases.

Nassau.—Two weeks ended February 9, 1904. Estimated population, 12,390. No deaths and no contagious diseases reported.

BRAZIL—*Pernambuco*.—Two weeks ended December 31, 1903. Estimated population, 200,000. Total number of deaths 334, including plague 3, smallpox 28, whooping cough 5, and 51 from phthisis pulmonalis.

CANADA—*Vancouver*.—Month of January, 1904. Estimated population, 30,000. Number of deaths not reported. No deaths from contagious diseases reported.

FRANCE—*Rouen*.—Month of December, 1903. Census population, 116,316. Total number of deaths 262, including diphtheria 3, enteric fever 1, smallpox 3, and 62 from tuberculosis.

GIBRALTER. —Two weeks ended January 31, 1904. Estimated population, 20,985. Total number of deaths, 16. No deaths from contagious diseases.

GREAT BRITAIN—*England and Wales*.—The deaths registered in 76 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended January 30, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 19.4 per 1,000 of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 15,271,425.

London.—One thousand seven hundred and thirty-four deaths were registered during the week, including measles 38, scarlet fever 9, diphtheria 25, whooping cough 43, enteric fever 3, and diarrhea 17. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 19.5 per 1,000. In Greater London 2,329 deaths were registered. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 3 from diphtheria, 3 from measles, 3 from scarlet fever, and 5 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended January 30, 1904, in the 21 principal town districts of Ireland was 22.4 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,093,289. The lowest rate was recorded in Dundalk, viz, 8.0, and the highest in Queenstown, viz, 46.1 per 1,000. In Dublin and suburbs 196 deaths were registered, including enteric fever 1, measles 1, whooping cough 11, and 35 from tuberculosis.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended January 30, 1904, correspond to an annual rate of 18.4 per 1,000 of the population, which is estimated at 1,726,236. The lowest rate of mortality was recorded in Greenock, viz, 11.2, and the highest in Dundee, viz, 31.3 per 1,000. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 608, including diphtheria 7, measles 12, scarlet fever 6, smallpox 3, and 16 from whooping cough.

HAWAII—*Honolulu*.—Month of January, 1904. Census population, 39,306. Total number of deaths, 63, including enteric fever 3, plague 1, and 8 from tuberculosis.

JAPAN—*Nagasaki*.—Ten days ended January 20, 1904. Estimated population, 148,883. Total number of deaths not reported. Two deaths from diphtheria, and 1 death from enteric fever reported.

SPAIN—*Barcelona*.—Ten days ended January 31, 1904. Estimated population, 600,000. Total number of deaths, 459, including diphtheria 4, enteric fever 10, measles 3, whooping cough 1, smallpox 16, and 54 from tuberculosis.

Corunna.—Month of January, 1904. Estimated population, 50,000. Total number of deaths, 111, including diphtheria 1, measles 2, scarlet fever 2, whooping cough 1, and 20 from tuberculosis.

SWITZERLAND.—Report for the two weeks ended January 16, 1904, from 18 cities and towns having an aggregate estimated population of 807,000, show a total of 609 deaths, including diphtheria 11, enteric fever 3, measles 8, scarlet fever 1, whooping cough 1, and 74 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, December 26, 1903, to February 26, 1904.

[Reports received by the Surgeon-General, Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service, from United States consuls through the Department of State and from other sources.]

[For reports received from June 27, 1903, to December 25, 1903, see PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS for December 25, 1903.]

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Afghanistan:				
Herat.....	Dec. 12.....	.....	.....	Present.
China:				
Shanghai.....	Dec. 18.....	1	.....	On Br. ss. Olivebank.
India:				
Bombay.....	Dec. 9-15.....	.....	1	
Calcutta.....	Nov. 15-Jan. 9	9	170	
Madras.....	Nov. 14-Dec. 22	.....	8	
Japan:				
Nagasaki.....	Nov. 21-30.....	.....	1	
Philippine Islands:				
Manila.....	Oct. 31-Jan. 9	47	43	
Provinces.....	Oct. 31-Jan. 2	1,254	1,030	
Straits Settlements:				
Singapore.....	Nov. 8-Dec. 19	.....	12	
Turkey:				
Bagdad—				
Hitt.....	Dec. 13-15.....	8	4	
Kerbela.....	Dec. 12-Jan. 12	.....	463	
Mossul.....	Dec. 21-Jan. 4	1	1	Five new cases.
Musseleb.....	Dec. 17-Jan. 4	48	35	
Beirut—				
Latakiah.....	Dec. 21-Jan. 4	11	7	
Diarbekir—				
Diarbekir.....	Dec. 12-Jan. 9	64	44	
Syria.....	Nov. 29-Dec. 5	.....	.....	Present.

YELLOW FEVER.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Africa:				
Ivory Coast, Grand Bassam	Dec. 12.....	.....	.....	Present.
Brazil:				
Rio de Janeiro.....	Nov. 23-Jan. 17	12	5	
Colombia:				
Cartagena.....	Nov. 23-30.....	.....	1	
Ecuador:				
Guayaquil.....	Dec. 6-12.....	.....	1	